BC College of Nurses and Midwives (BCCNM) – Registered Nursing Certified Practice (RN[C]) in Clinical and Outreach Settings in Fraser Health

Fraser Health Sexual Health and Blood Borne Infections Program Presentation October 26, 2024

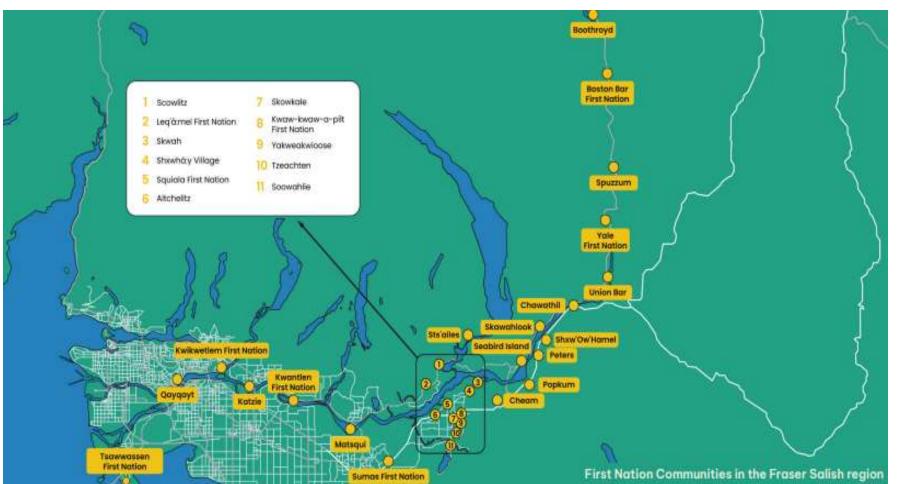
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Indigenous Land Acknowledgement





We recognize that Fraser Health provides care on the traditional, ancestral and unceded lands of the Coast Salish and Nlaka'pamux Nations and is home to 32 First Nations within the Fraser Salish region

Disclosure





None of the planners or presenters of this session have an affiliation (financial or otherwise) with a pharmaceutical, medical device, or communications organization, or other for-profit funder.



We have no involvement with industry and cannot identify any conflict of interest.

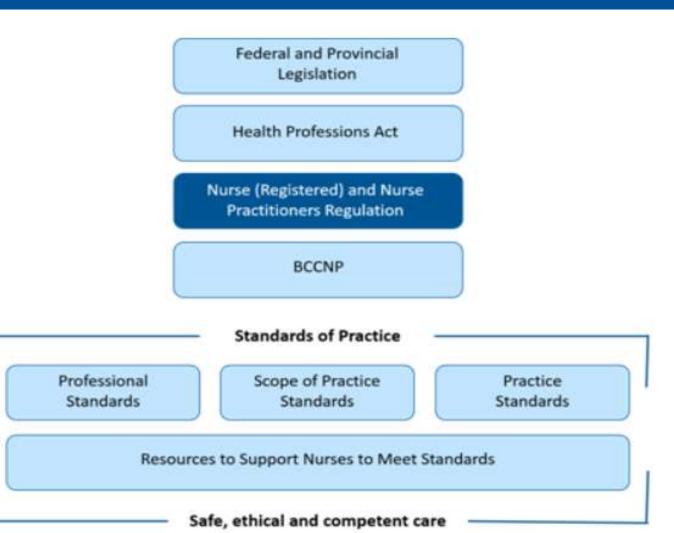
Session Objectives



- 1. Describe BCCNM RN(C) scope of practice including historical rationale for implementation
- 2. Identify provincial decision support tools (DSTs) utilized by RN(C) for treatment: administration, dispensing and prescribing
- 3. Identify unique clinical and outreach-based settings in Fraser Health where RN(C) practice is utilized to lower barriers

Regulation of Health Professionals - Nursing





Nurse (Registered) and Nurse Practitioners Regulation

- Registered nurse
- Licensed graduate nurse
- Nurse
- Nurse Practitioner

Exceptions to Practicing within Scope and Regulation

- Imminent risk of death or serious harm
- Formal delegation

Understanding the Scope of Registered Nurses' Practice (bccnm.ca)

Controls on Nursing Practice



There are four controls on nursing practice limiting activities nurses can perform. Each level narrows nurses' scope of practice.

Controls on Practice



Registered Nursing Scope of Practice



	Not RestrictedPronouncing deathBlood glucose screening		
medications (sche	/administering some edule III drugs)		
Require an order from RESTRICTED Restricted – Section 2	ion 6 (no order)		
an authorized provider Section 7 Do not require an Some diagnosis			
RESTRICTED order from an • Wound care			
Section 6 Blood collection –	- IV therapy		
authorized provider • TB Skin testing			
Peivic exam, cervi	ical cancer screening		
dearries hours of the states of	on 7 (order required) lications, hazardous energy		

Restricted Activities for Certified Practice Section 8



Evolution of RN Certified Practice

• Pre 2010

- PHNs and community RNS worked under Medical Delegation
- Reach affected populations for timely follow up and care for reportable and communicable infections

Public Health Act

Health Professions Act

- Implemented in 1990
- Changes to nursing regulation in 2005 Based on "Safer Choices" report
- Discontinuation of broadly applied medical delegation initiatives and create a new section of the regulation for autonomous practice under special designation

Implemented in 2010 for the following areas of nursing practice:

- STI
- Contraception
- First Call
- Remote Practice

Included in 2023

- Prescribing
- Opioid Use Disorder certified practice



Certified Practice Decision Support Tools: NNPBC, BCCDC and BCCSU



BCCDC

- <u>Communicable</u>
 <u>Disease Control</u>
 <u>Manual Chapter</u>
 <u>5 STI Practice</u>
- 24 DSTs
- Competencies

NNPBC

- <u>Certified Practice</u> <u>DSTs and</u>
 - **Competencies**
- First Call
- Remote Nursing
- Contraception
- 22 DSTs

BCCSU

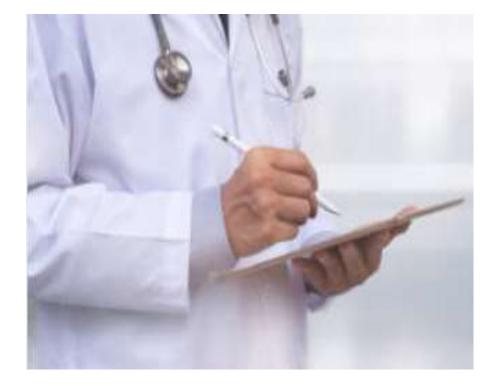
- <u>Certified Practice</u>
 <u>DSTs and</u>
 <u>Competencies-</u>
 - <u>OUD</u>
- 3 DSTs

RN(C) Prescribing and Providing Client Specific Orders



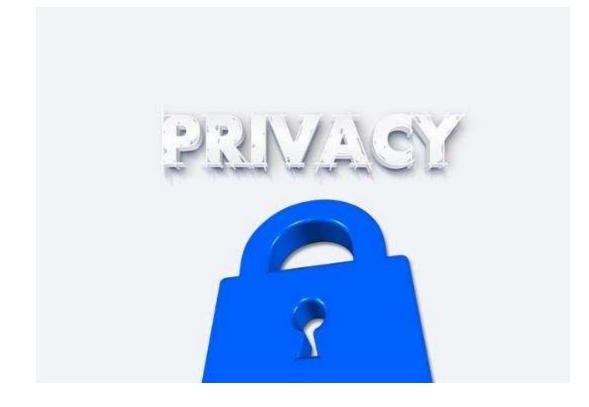
RN(C) Provision of Client Specific Orders for RNs and LPNS

- Nurses Accept accountability and responsibility for the orders they give
- Orders for activities that are within the nurse's competence and consistent with relevant standards, organization policy and restrictions
- Piloting in FH as part of the regional syphilis outbreak response: RN(C) provision of orders to RNs and LPNs for treatment of contacts to infectious syphilis



Questions to consider for patient centered care...



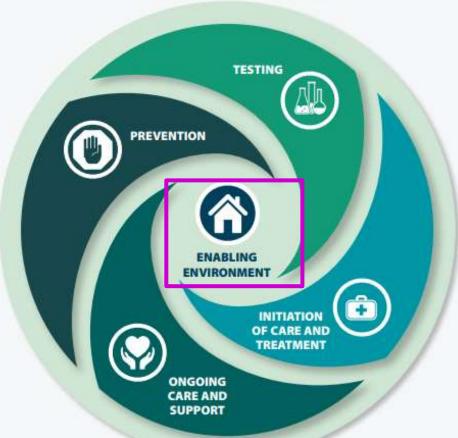


- How do we simplify the system and ensure equitable access, safety and best practice standards are met?
- How do ensure privacy for our clients?
- E.g. Free contraception for youth? Medical abortion?
 - Think about 3rd party insurance issues? Patients with no ID or home address?

Pan-Canadian Framework for Action: Reducing the Health Impact of Sexually Transmitted and Blood-Borne Infections in Canada by 2030



CORE PILLARS



What is an "Enabling Environment"?

- Creates conditions to ensure equitable access
- Establishes conditions to overcome barriers

Where do we fit into opportunities for action?:

• #3: Review and revise laws, policies, and programs that affect determinants of health leading to an increased risk of STBBI transmission and/or limit the implementation and operation of effective STBBI-related programs and services

Factors Impacting Vulnerability to HIV and other STBBI



Provision of Contraception and STI medications at the point of care aligns with the Canadian Public Health Agency framework to address situations that put people at greater risk for STBBI:

- **Systemic**: Political, economic and social environment, health systems and services (health care/system navigation)
- **Community**: Cultural context, social context and participation (judgement, shame, confidentially, geographical barriers)
- Individual: Individual characteristics and circumstances, health literacy and practices (financial barriers, language)

Canadian Public Health Agency: Factoring Impacting Vulnerability to HIV and Other STBBIs

Key populations disproportionately affected by STBBI:

- People living with HIV or hepatitis C and related conditions
- Indigenous Peoples
- Gay and bisexual men
- People who use drugs
- Transgender persons
- People with experience in the prison environment
- People from countries where HIV, HBV and HCV are endemic
- People engaged in the sale, or the purchase of sex
- Youth and young adults
- <u>Canadian Sexually Transmitted and Blood Borne Infections Prevention Guide</u>
- <u>Reducing the health impact of sexually transmitted and blood-borne infections in Canada by 2030: A pan-Canadian STBBI</u> <u>framework for action - Canada.ca</u>



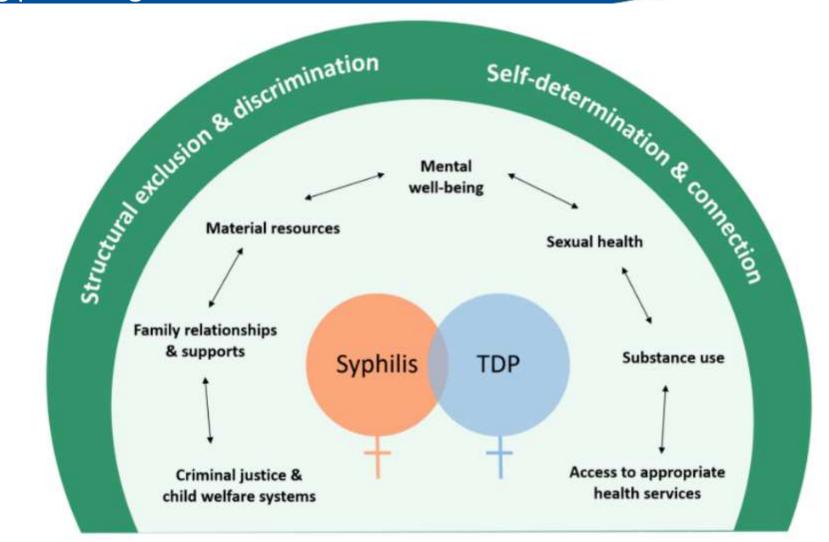


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Key Populations – Enhanced Fraser Health Surveillance

Syndemic – Women Affected by Infectious Syphilis and Toxic Drug poisoning events





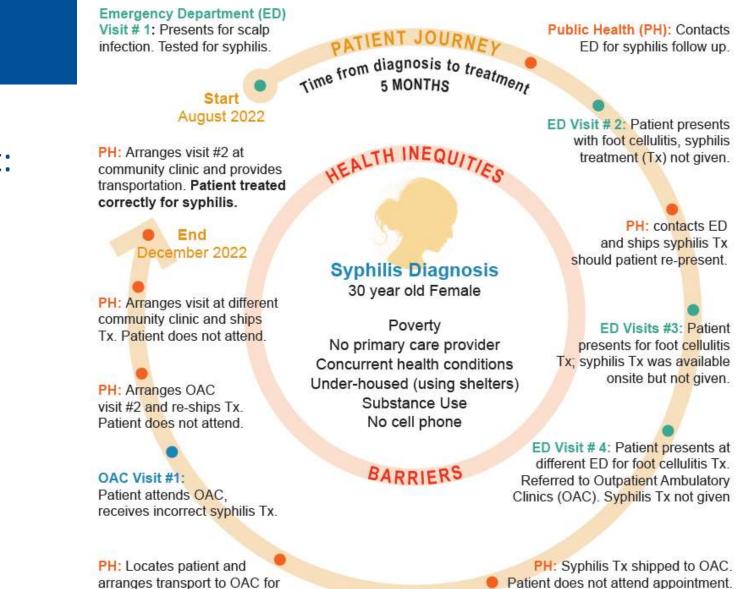
A client's journey

Barriers to accessing treatment:

- systemic,
- community
- individual barriers

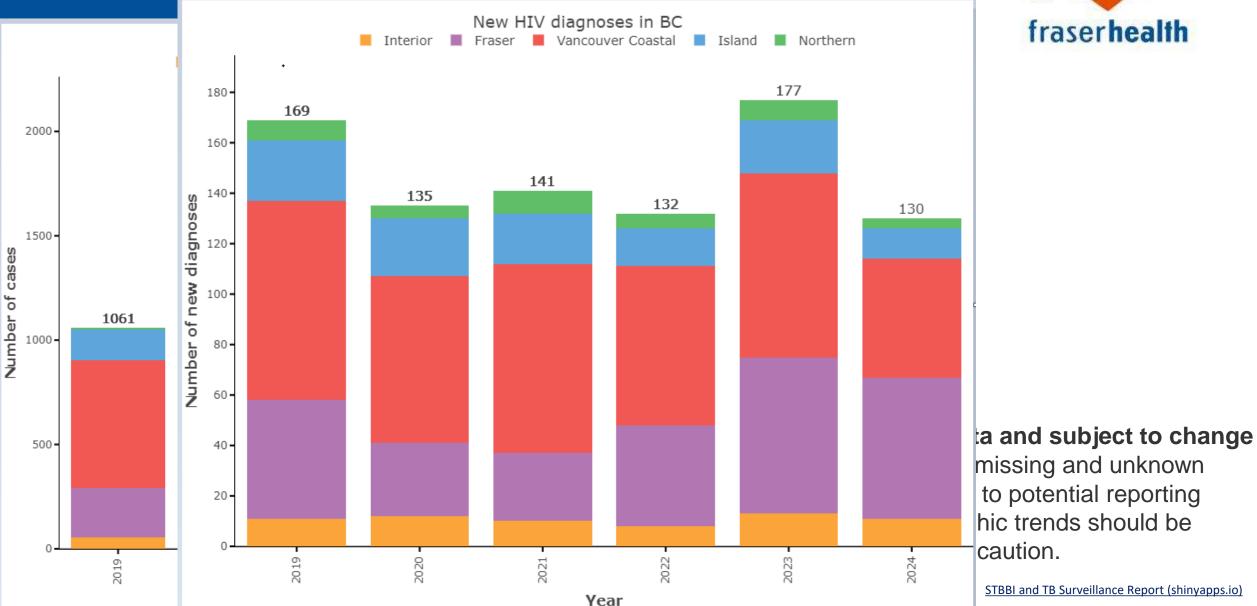
Problem- Client Perspective (Delayed/Incorrect Treatment)

syphilis and foot cellulitis Tx.



PH unable to locate patient.

Epidemiology for HIV / Infectious Syphilis





Contraception and STI Certified RN's in Practice in Fraser Health



Sexual Health Clinics:

- Options for Sexual Health
- SHBBI STI and Youth Clinics
- Foundry Clinics

Primary Care Clinics

- Primary Care Networks
- Indigenous Primary Care Clinics (Fraser West)
- Urgent Primary Care Centre's
- SHOP

Outreach:

- Integrated Homeless Action Response Team (IHART)
- SHBBI team testing and treatment on outreach
- Maxxine Wright

Where are Sexual Health Clinics?

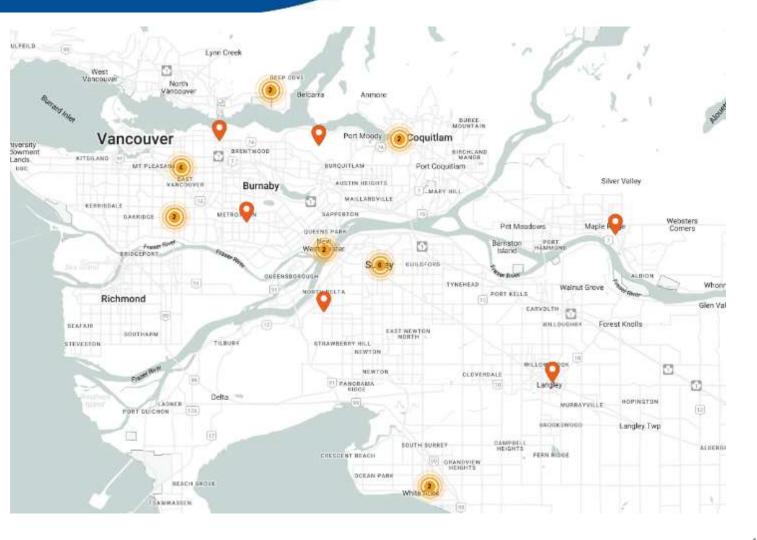


Check out:

- Clinic Finder:
 <u>smartsexresource.com</u>
- Visit:

Fraserhealth.ca/gettested

- Fraser Health Sexual Health Clinics
- Fraser Health Youth Clinics



Medication Provision at FH Sexual Health clinics:



- Sexual Health clinics are staffed by physicians and RN's with Certified Practice in STI and Contraception Management
- Medication provision aligns with:
 - Decision Support Tools List NNPBC
 - <u>Non-certified Practice Decision Support Tools for STI-</u> BCCDC
 - FH statement 1.5 of "<u>Stock Medication Community</u> <u>Clinics</u>" policy
 - Medication-Dispensing by Nurses- Clinical Protocol

Medication Access for Certified Practice RNs in Fraser Health



		MAIL ORIGINAL WHITE and YELLOW COPIES OF COMPLETED FORM TO			
Address Postal Coste: Opening Hours (Include closure periods) Telephone No: () Date Orderest: 1		BCEDC Pharmacy BC Centre for Disease Custod 655 Vest 12 ²³ Access, Roce 1100 Vancourst, BC V32 496 Phase: 664-701 5360 Reserved Control (Control (Control Vest) Control (Control (Control (Control Vest)) (Control (Control (Control (Control (Control Vest)) (Control (Control (Control (Control (Control (Control Vest)) (Control (Control (Co			
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	Azithronycin Tableta 250 mg	8 tablets			
CEFIXINE	Collisions Tablets 400 mg Peternol insertent for piconhas cases and then neural contacts, and teatment for pairle infernation disease and epicidiprotic only	2 tablets			
CEPTRIAXONE	Contributions injection 238 mg Protocod insument for generation searce and their assural contacts in specific populations	255 mg val			
DOXYCYCLINE	Doxycycline Capaulos 109 mg Połyceo beament for chlorydia cases and their sexual contacts	14 cognitions			
	Booycycline Capeules 109 mg Treatmint of prive inflementary disease and specifymile	20 capaciles			
METRONIDAZOLE	Metronidizole Tablets 250 mg	8 tobete			
	Metronidazole Tableto 250 mg	28 tablete			
PENICILIN 'G' DENZATHINE	1 mL periodilin G benzehhne 1.2 million unit syrings De narzoek its den weiss subrated	two x 2 mL syringes	Dread		
OTHER (Phone specify)	Specify may not beamed process				
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NUMBE	R CODES: - PHARMACY USE ONLY (CODES INDICATE CHAN	IGES MADE TO Y	OUR ORDER	BY THE PH	ARMACY)
CON DRY MITCHS 1 4 In short scapely - pit 2 4 Item out of stock - 1	research for the enclosed document(s) 7				

- BCCDC- STI treatment medication
- MOU with Lower Mainland Pharmacy Services (LMPS)
 - Standardized Contraception list
 - UTI treatment medication
 - Yeast
 - Genital Herpes
- Vendor Contract Copper IUDs

Excerpt from: FH statement 1.5 of "Stock Medication – Community Clinics" policy



- 1.5 The following criteria is applied when selecting stock medication to be available in a Health Authority community clinic:
 - 1.5.1 The medication is commonly utilized in the patient care setting. Such medication may be:
 - Administered during the clinic visit
 - Dispensed to the patient during the clinic visit when:
 - the activity and medication(s) dispensed are within the nurse' scope of practice, AND
 - the employer requires the nurse to dispense, AND
 - the activity and medication(s) have been authorized by the Health Authority for the specific program, AND
 - it has been deemed necessary to dispense the medication understanding the risks inherent with the medication(s) not appearing on PharmaNet

OR

- the registered nurse (RN) is certified by the British Columbia College of Nurses and Midwives (BCCNM) to independently diagnose and treat specific diseases and disorders as outlined in the <u>decision support tools</u>¹, AND
- the decision support tool has been implemented in the Health Authority community clinic

¹Decision support tools (DSTs) set out the activities that are included in the <u>certified practice guidelines</u> provided by Nurses and Nurse Practitioners of B.C. (NNPBC).

Program Priority: Increasing access to STI testing, Treatment and Prevention



Syphilis Outbreak Response:	 Providing testing and treatment through outreach collaborations (ex. Integrated Homeless Action Response Team) Partner with existing services ex. Urgent Primary Care Centres Community Partnerships for targeted sexual health clinics (HIM) Increasing access through drop-in clinics and outreach
Rising rates of HIV	Increase access to condoms, safer injection supplies Increase HIV testing
	Increase access to HIV Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis



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